



Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended March 2009

May 28, 2009 Mori Building Co., Ltd.

Huge city model made by Mori Building

Financial Summary

- Operating revenue (sales) made a new high record thanks to strong performance Asset Development and Management Business.
- Operating profit, ordinary profit, and net profit decreased due mainly to costs to open the Shanghai World Financial Center and foreign exchange translation adjustment loss.

	FY ended Mar '08 (Actual)	FY ended Mar '09 (Actual)	Change from previous year	% change from previous year
Operating revenue (sales)	169.7 billion yen	178.7 billion yen	9 billion yen	5.3%
Operating costs	99.9 billion yen	117.2 billion yen	17.3 billion yen	17.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	25.8 billion yen	24.4 billion yen	1.4 billion yen	5.4%
Operating profit	44 billion yen	37.1 billion yen	6.9 billion yen	15.6%
Non-poerating profit/loss	20.2 billion yen	19.8 billion yen	0.4 billion yen	-
Ordinary profit	23.8 billion yen	17.3 billion yen	6.5 billion yen	27.2%
Extraordinary profit/loss	45.5 billion yen	9.7 billion yen	55.2 billion yen	-
Net profit	39.5 billion yen	4.1 billion yen	35.3 billion yen	89.6%

Breakdown of Operating Revenue (Sales) MORI BUILDING

- The Office Building Business recorded decreased revenue due mainly to the off-balance ٠ sheet treatment of some Roppongi Hills assets.
- Revenue in the Asset Development and Management Business rose substantially due to • sales of development assets to Mori Hills REIT.

			r		169.7 billion yen	178.7 billion y 0.8	/en
	FY ended Mar '08	FY ended Mar '09	Change	%change	3.1 5.6 22.2	8.5 20.3	
Office Building Business	111.9 billion yen	100.1 billion yen	11.8 billion yen	10.5%		16.7	□ Other Businesses
Asset Development and Management Business	18.2 billion yen	36.5 billion yen	18.3 billion yen	100.8%	13.6 18.2	36.5	Overseas Businesses
Property Management Business	13.6 billion yen	16.7 billion yen	3.1 billion yen	22.5%		00.0	
Facilities Operating Business	22.2 billion yen	20.3 billion yen	1.9 billion yen	8.6%			Facilities Operating Business
Overseas Businesses	5.6 billion yen	8.5 billion yen	2.9 billion yen	52.8%			
Other Businesses	3.1 billion yen	0.8 billion yen	2.4 billion yen	75.9%	111.9	100.1	Property Management Business
Eliminations/corportate	5 billion yen	4.2 billion yen	-	-			Asset Development and
Operating revenue (sales)	169.7 billion yen	178.7 billion yen	9 billion yen	5.3%			Management Business
				l			□ Office Building Business

FY ended FY ended Mar '08

Mar '09

Office Building Business:

Leased property management business, contracted works and design/supervision business, regional air conditioning and electricity supply business, observatory business, forum business, etc.

Asset Development and Management Business: Property Management Business:

Real estate sales business, investment business, etc.

Facilities Operating Business:

Overseas Businesses:

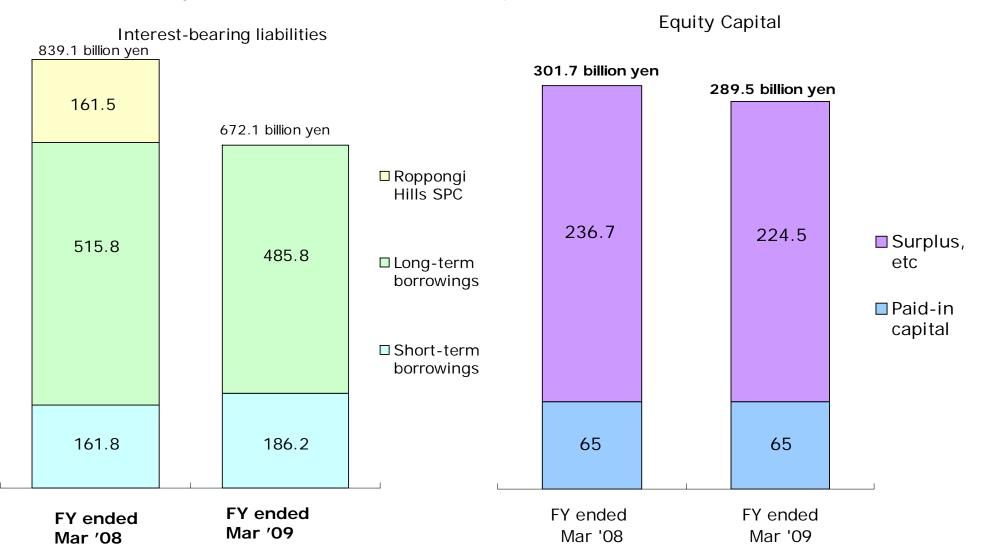
Office building property management business, asset management business, etc. Hotel business, membership club business, golf business, senior citizens home business

Overseas real estate development and leasing business and overseas investment business



Condition of the Balance Sheet

- Interest-bearing liabilities decreased substantially to 672.1 billion yen due to the offbalance treatment of some Roppongi Hills assets
- Equity capital decreased to 289.5 billion yen due to a decrease in foreign currency translation adjustments and an increase in special cash dividends.





Efforts in the FY Ended March 2009

- Opening of the Shanghai World Financial Center
 - Tenants began moving into offices in June and the observatory was opened at the end of August
 - Grand opening at the end of October 2008
- Completed construction projects
 - Akasaka Tower Residence Top of the Hill (completed July 2008)
 - Akasaka Enoki-zaka Mori Building (completed February 2009)
- Transactions with Mori Hills REIT Investment Corp.
 - Underwrote 14.7 billion yen in new shares for its third-party allocation
 - Transferred Akasaka Tameike Tower (the office section) and ARK Mori Building (0.5 floor).



Efforts in the Year Ending March 2010

- Projects in construction
 - 1. Hirakawa-cho Mori Tower
 - 2. Akasaka 2-chome Plan (Fukuyoshicho)
 - 3. Nagatacho Sanno Mori Building
 - 4. Shiba-Mita Mori Building
- Projects in the planning stage
 - 1. Toranomon-Roppongi Area Redevelopment
 - 2. Oumi Area Kitagawa (North) P- Section Project
 - 3. Roppongi 6-chome 3-banchi Project
 - 4. Loop Road (Kanjo) No. 2 Project

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2010 (Projects in construction)





1. Hirakawa-cho Mori Building

Location	Hirakawa 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
Site area	5,592.19m ²
Total floor area	Approximately 51,800m²
Floors	Above ground: 24, basement levels: 2
Major uses	Offices (2nd to 13th floors) Residences (122 units on the 14th to 23rd floors) Shops (1st floor)
Construction starts	August 2007
Construction to be completed	December 2009 (planned)

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2010 (Projects in construction)





2. (Tentative name) Akasaka 2-chome Plan (Fukuyoshicho)

	-
Location	Akasaka 2-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo
Site area	2,006.45m ²
Total floor area	24,858.49m²
Floors	Above ground: 22, basement levels: 1
Major uses	Offices (2nd floor, 13th to 21st floors) Residences (41 units on the 6th to 12th floors) Shops (1st floor) Car parking (3rd to 5th floors)
Construction starts	January 2009
Construction to be completed	January 2011 (planned)

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2010 (Projects in construction)





3. Nagatocho Sanno Mori Building

Location	Nagatocho 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
Site area	949.52m ²
Total floor area	Approximately 5,180m ²
Floors	Above ground: 8
Major uses	Offices
Construction starts	December 2008
Construction to be completed	December 2009 (planned)

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2010 (Projects in construction)



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4. Shiba-Mita Mori Building

Location	Shiba 5-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo
Site area	495.29m ²
Total floor area	2,992.85m²
Floors	Above ground: 8
Major uses	Offices
Construction starts	October 2008
Construction to be completed	September 2009 (planned)

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2010 (Projects in the planning stage)





1. Toranomon-Roppongi Area Redevelopment

Location	Roppongi 1-chome and Toranomon 5-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo
Site area	C-1 area: Apprx. 15,370m², C-2 area: Apprx. 510m²
Total floor area	Approximately 143,700m ²
Floors	Mixed-use tower: above ground: 47, basement levels: 4 Residence building: above ground: 6, basement levels: 2
Major uses	Offices, shops, residences
Construction starts	Fall 2009 (planned)
Construction to be completed	2012 (planned)
Remarks	Redevelopment Association established in July 2008 Exchange of rights plan approved in February 2009

^{*} The information provided is based on the current overview of each plan. Please be aware that each project may differ from its plant in some respects when completed.

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2010 (Projects in the planning stage)



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2. Aomi Area Kitagawa P-Section Project

	Location	Aomi 1-chome, Koto-ku, Tokyo
	Site area	Approximately 20,132m ²
	Total floor area	Approximately 123,120m²
100	Floors	Above ground: 14, basement levels: 1
	Major uses	Offices, commerical space, cultural facilities
	Construction starts	October 2009 (planned)
	Construction to be completed	December 2012 (planned)
	Remarks	Mori Building picked as planned developer in July 2008

^{*} The information provided is based on the current overview of each plan. Please be aware that each project may differ from its plant in some respects when completed.

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2010 (Projects in the planning stage)





3. (Tentative name) Roppongi 6-chome 3-banchi Project

Location	Roppongi 6-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo
Site area	1,003.61m ²
Total floor area	Approximately 7,600m ²
Floors	Above ground: 10, basement levels: 1
Major uses	Offices, shops, residences, mettings places, etc.
Construction starts	July 2009 (planned)
Construction to be completed	Early 2011 (planned)

Efforts during the Year Ending March 2017 E



4. Loop Road (Kanjo) No. 2 Project

Urban redevelopment project reviving the Unrealized MacArthur Highway

- Plan to redevelop along Loop Road No. 2 from Toranomon to Shimbashi, which has long been dubbed the "Unrealized MacArthur Highway."

- To transform this vision into reality, the Tokyo Metropolitan Government selected Mori Building as a partner in a joint public-private sector effort.

- Mori Building was allocated approximately 9,400 tsubo of office floor area with the finalization of the management disposition plan.

- Construction planned to start in 2010 and be completed in 2014.

Source: Loop Road (Kanjo) No. 2 Shimbashi-Toranomon Area Project Overview 2008 (Tokyo)

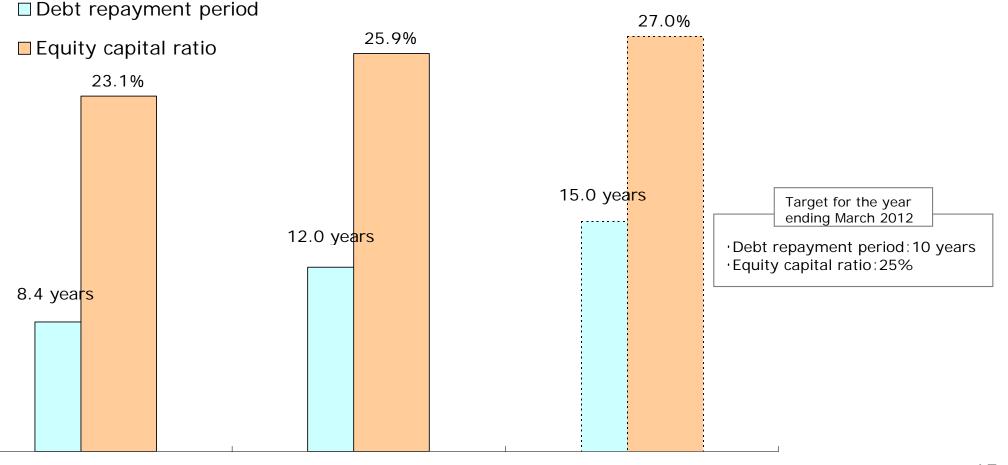
Business Forecast for the Year Ending March 2010

- Operating revenue (sales)
 - A decline in revenue is expected from the Office Building Business due to the offbalance sheet treatment of the Roppongi Hills SPC
 - An increase in revenue is expected from the Asset Development and Management Business due to the continuation of the reshuffling of assets
 - An increase in revenue is expected from the Overseas Business is due to the full-scale operation of the Shanghai World Financial Center
- Operating profit
 - Expected to remain nearly level
- Ordinary profit and net profit
 - Expected to increase due to the disappearance of transient losses such as the amortization burden of opening expenses for the Shanghai World Financial Center

	FY ended Mar '09 (Actual)	FY ended Mar '10 (Forecast)	Change from previous year	% change from previous year
Operating revenue (sales)	2178.7 billion yen	190 billion yen	11.3 billion yen	6%
Operating profit	37.1 billion yen	38 billion yen	0.9 billion yen	2%
Ordinary profit	17.3 billion yen	24 billion yen	6.7 billion yen	39%
Net profit	4.1 billion yen	12 billion yen	7.9 billion yen	191%

Progress of the Long-term Management Plan

- In the year ended March 2009, the debt repayment period was lengthened due to a decline in ordinary profit while the equity capital ratio improved due to a reduction of gross assets
- In the year ending March 2010, the debt repayment period is expected to be 15 years and the equity capital ratio is expected to be 27%



(Reference) Consolidated Comparative Balance Sheet

Total assets

1,303,835

1,117,973

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	Assets				Liabilities	(0	Jnit: million yen)	
Account	FY ended Mar '08	FY ended Mar '09	Change	Acoounts	FY ended Mar '08	FY ended Mar '09	Change	MORIBUILDING
Current assets	(215,417)	(174,905)	(40,512)	Current liabilities	(207,050)	(219,860)	(12,809)	
Cash and deposits	59,443	38,977	20,465	Operating accounts payable	10,665	11,154	489	
Bills receivable and operating accounts due	12,799	12,654	145	Short-term borrowings	161,812	186,211	24,399	
Securities	43,011	99	42,911	Accrued corporate taxes, etc	13,371	338	13,033	
Equity investment	42,072	76,326	34,254	Other	21,201	22,155	954	
Inventory assets	33,427	25,156	8,270					
Deferred tax assets	2,011	804	1,207	Fixed liabilities	(769,303)	(588,005)	(181,298)	
Other	23,297	21,368	1,928	Long-term borrowings	515,800	485,844	29,955	
Allowance for bad debt	646	483	162	Long-term deposits	203,230	52,561	150,668	
				Allowance for retirement benefits	2,152	2,328	176	
Fixed assets	(1,081,083)	(943,068)	(138,014)	Deferred tax liabilities	42,632	42,902	270	
Tangible fixed assets	(935,516)	(798,511)	(137,004)	Other	5,488	4,367	1,120	
Buildings and structures	144,543	235,789	91,246					
Machinery and delivery equipment	8,016	9,897	1,880					
Industrial tools and equipment	5,027	6,517	1,489	Toal liabilities	976,354	807,865	168,488	
Land	400,400	457,715	57,314					
Construction in progress	102,502	39,431	63,071		Equity			
Trust real estate	266,469	35,822	230,646					
Other	8,555	13,336	4,780	Paid-in capital	65,000	65,000	-	
Intangible fixed assets	(69,929)	(84,376)	(14,446)	Capital surplus	55,021	55,021	-	
Land lease rights	63,668	77,842	14,173	Retained profit	176,458	171,484	4,973	
Other	6,261	6,534	273	Treasury stock	505	505	-	
Investment and other assets	(75,637)	(60,180)	(15,457)	Other securities valuation differences	562	159	402	
Investment securities	20,063	28,510	8,446	Deferred hedge P/L	2,517	1,845	672	
Long-term loans	31,201	14,041	17,160	Foreign exchange translation adjustment	8,823	524	8,298	
Deferred tax assets	154	3,594	3,440	Minority shareholders equity	25,763	20,587	5,176	
Other	24,677	14,428	10,249					
Allowance for bad debt	459	394	65					
Deferred assets	(7,333)	(-)						
Opening expenses	7,333	-	7,333					

Total equity

Total liabilities and equity

185,861

327,480

1,303,835

310,108

1,117,973

17,372

185,861

(Reference) Consolidated Comparative Profit and Loss Statement

			(Unit:million yen)
Account	FY ended Mar '08	FY ended Mar '09	Change
Operating revenue	169,686	178,729	9,043
Operating costs	99,925	117,237	17,311
Gross operating profit	69,760	61,492	8,268
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(25,756)	(24,359)	(1,397)
Operating profit	44,003	37,133	6,870
Non-operating revenue	(2,898)	(4,006)	(1,108)
Interest earned	559	1,085	526
Dividends earned	120	597	476
Investment profit due to equity method	-	1,334	1,334
Other	2,218	989	1,228
Non-operating expenses	(23,099)	(23,817)	(717)
Interest cost	13,503	14,367	864
Investment loss due to equity method	407	-	407
Other	9,188	9,449	260
Ordinary profit	23,802	17,322	6,480
Extraordinary profit	(52,787)	(34,280)	(18,506)
Gain on sale of fixed assets	50,416	31,720	18,695
Gain on sale of investment secur	1,315	401	913
Other	1,055	2,157	1,101
Extraordinary losses	(7,309)	(44,012)	(36,703)
Loss from adjustment of previous term P/L	252	17	234
Loss from sale of fixed assets	1,098	14,937	13,838
Other	5,959	29,058	23,099
Current net profit before adjustments for taxes, etc.	69,280	7,589	61,690
Corporate tax, presidential tax, and business	22,421	8,211	14,210
Adjustment for corporate taxes, etc.	6,772	2,699	9,472
Minority stockholder profit	633	2,043	2,677
Net profit	39,452	4,122	35,329



The statements regarding future forecasts contained in this material are analyses and judgments made by Mori Building based on information available at this time, and include potential risks as well as uncertainties. For this reason, actual results may differ from the forecasts due to changes in various factors.

